## Lesson 12. Dynamic Programming - Review

- Recall from Lessons 5-9:
  - A **dynamic program** models situations where decisions are made in a <u>sequential</u> process in order to optimize some objective
  - **Stages** t = 1, 2, ..., T
    - $\diamond$  stage  $T \leftrightarrow$  end of decision process
  - States  $n = 0, 1, ..., N \leftarrow$  possible conditions of the system at each stage
  - o Two representations: shortest/longest path and recursive

Shortest/longest path		Recursive
node $t_n$	$\leftrightarrow$	state n at stage t
$\operatorname{edge}\left(t_{n},\left(t+1\right)_{m}\right)$	$\leftrightarrow$	allowable decision $x_t$ in state $n$ at stage $t$ that results in being in state $m$ at stage $t + 1$
length of edge $(t_n, (t+1)_m)$	$\leftrightarrow$	contribution of decision $x_t$ in state $n$ at stage $t$ that results in being in state $m$ at stage $t + 1$
length of shortest/longest path from node $t_n$ to end node	$\leftrightarrow$	value-to-go function $f_t(n)$
length of edges $(T_n, end)$	$\leftrightarrow$	boundary conditions $f_T(n)$
shortest or longest path	$\leftrightarrow$	recursion is min or max:
		$f_t(n) = \min_{x_t \text{ allowable}} \text{or max} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \text{contribution of} \\ \text{decision } x_t \end{pmatrix} + f_{t+1} \begin{pmatrix} \text{new state} \\ \text{resulting} \\ \text{from } x_t \end{pmatrix} \right\}$
source node $1_n$	$\leftrightarrow$	desired value-to-go function value $f_1(n)$

**Example 1.** Simplexville Oil needs to build capacity to refine 1,000 barrels of oil and 2,000 barrels of gasoline per day. Simplexville can build a refinery at 2 locations. The cost of building a refinery is as follows:

Oil capacity per day	Gas capacity per day	Building cost (\$ millions)
0	0	0
1000	0	5
0	1000	7
1000	1000	14

The problem is to determine how much capacity should be built at each location in order to minimize the total building cost. To make things a little simpler, assume that the capacity requirements must be met exactly.

- a. Formulate this problem as a dynamic program by giving its shortest path representation.
- b. Formulate this problem as a dynamic program by giving its recursive representation. Solve the dynamic program.